

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

The International Conference on the Law of the Sea was convened in Geneva, Switzerland, in 1958. It was the first of a series of conferences that would eventually lead to the adoption of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea in 1982.

The conference was organized by the International Law Commission, which was established by the United Nations General Assembly in 1948. The Commission's mandate was to identify and codify the principles and rules of international law that were common to most States.

The conference was held in Geneva from 1958 to 1960. It was attended by representatives from 28 States. The conference was convened in Geneva because of the city's reputation as a center of international law and diplomacy.

The conference was convened in Geneva because of the city's reputation as a center of international law and diplomacy. The conference was held in Geneva from 1958 to 1960. It was attended by representatives from 28 States.

The conference was convened in Geneva because of the city's reputation as a center of international law and diplomacy. The conference was held in Geneva from 1958 to 1960. It was attended by representatives from 28 States.

The conference was convened in Geneva because of the city's reputation as a center of international law and diplomacy. The conference was held in Geneva from 1958 to 1960. It was attended by representatives from 28 States.

□□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□
□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□
□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□
□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□